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Foreword

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1 Scope

The present document is a technical specification of the services provided by the physical layer of 5G-NR to upper layers.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications"
[2]	3GPP TS 38.201: "NR; Physical Layer – General Description"
[3]	3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation"
[4]	3GPP TS 38.212: "NR; Multiplexing and channel coding"
[5]	3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control"
[6]	3GPP TS 38.214: "NR; Physical layer procedures for data"
[7]	3GPP TS 38.215: "NR; Physical layer measurements"
[8]	3GPP TS 38.306: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities"
	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7]

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ARQ	Automatic Repeat Request
BCH	Broadcast Channel
CA	Carrier Aggregation
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DC	Dual Connectivity
DL	Downlink
FEC	Forward Error Correction
GF	Grant-Free
MAC	Medium Access Control

MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
PBCH	Physical Broadcast Channel

PCH Paging Channel

PDCCH Physical Downlink Control Channel PDSCH Physical Downlink Shared Channel PRACH Physical Random Access Channel PUCCH Physical Uplink Control Channel PUSCH Physical Uplink Shared Channel

RACH Random Access Channel

RF Radio Frequency

RNTI Radio Network Temporary Identifier

SCH Shared Channel
SI System Information
SPS Semi-Persistent Scheduling
SRS Sounding Reference Signal
TPC Transmit Power Control

UL Uplink

4 Services and functions of the physical layer

4.1 General

The physical layer offers data transport services to higher layers.

The access to these services is through the use of transport channels via the MAC sub-layer.

A transport block is defined as the data delivered by MAC layer to the physical layer and vice versa.

4.2 Overview of L1 functions

As mentioned in [2, TS 38.201], the physical layer is expected to perform the following functions to provide the data transport service:

- Error detection on the transport channel and indication to higher layers;
- FEC encoding/decoding of the transport channel;
- Hybrid ARQ soft-combining;
- Rate matching of the coded transport channel to physical channels;
- Mapping of the coded transport channel onto physical channels;
- Power weighting of physical channels;
- Modulation and demodulation of physical channels;
- Frequency and time synchronisation;
- Radio characteristics measurements and indication to higher layers;
- Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) antenna processing;
- RF processing.

L1 functions are modelled for each transport channel in clause 5.

5 Model of physical layer of the UE

The 5G-NR physical-layer model captures those characteristics of the 5G-NR physical-layer that are relevant from the point-of-view of higher layers. More specifically, the physical-layer model captures:

- The structure of higher-layer data being passed down to or up from the physical layer;
- The means by which higher layers can configure the physical layer;
- The different indications (error indications, channel-quality indications, etc.) that are provided by the physical layer to higher layers.

5.1 Uplink model

5.1.1 Uplink shared channel

The physical-layer model for Uplink Shared Channel transmission is described based on the corresponding PUSCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.1.1-1. Processing steps that are relevant for the physical-layer model, e.g. in the sense that they are configurable by higher layers, are highlighted in blue.

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer
- CRC and transport-block-error indication
- FEC and rate matching
- Data modulation
- Mapping to physical resource
- Multi-antenna processing
- Support of L1 control and Hybrid-ARQ-related signalling

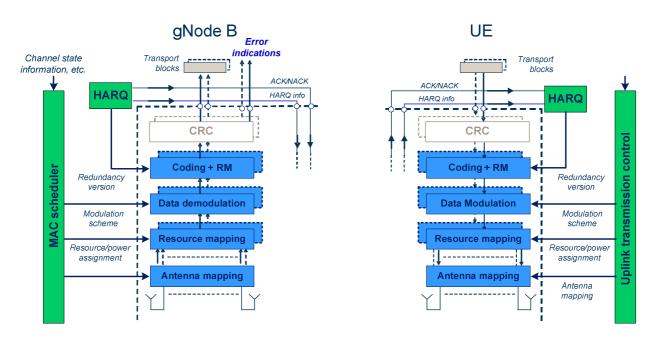


Figure 5.1.1-1: Physical-layer model for UL-SCH transmission

5.1.2 Random access channel

The physical-layer model for RACH transmission is characterized by a PRACH preamble format that consists of a cyclic prefix, a preamble, and a guard time during which nothing is transmitted.

5.2 Downlink model

5.2.1 Downlink shared channel

The physical-layer model for Downlink Shared Channel transmission is described based on the corresponding PDSCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.2.1-1. Processing steps that are relevant for the physical-layer model, e.g. in the sense that they are configurable by higher layers, are highlighted in blue.

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer;
- CRC and transport-block-error indication;
- FEC and rate matching;
- Data modulation;
- Mapping to physical resource;
- Multi-antenna processing;
- Support of L1 control and Hybrid-ARQ-related signalling.

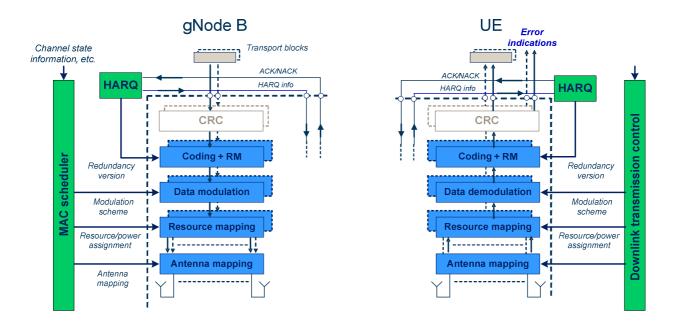


Figure 5.2.1-1: Physical-layer model for DL-SCH transmission

5.2.2 Broadcast channel

The physical-layer model for BCH transmission is characterized by a fixed pre-defined transport format. There is one transport block for the BCH every 80ms. The BCH physical-layer model is described based on the corresponding PBCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.2.2-1:

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer;
- CRC and transport-block-error indication;
- FEC and rate matching;
- Data modulation;
- Mapping to physical resource;
- Multi-antenna processing.

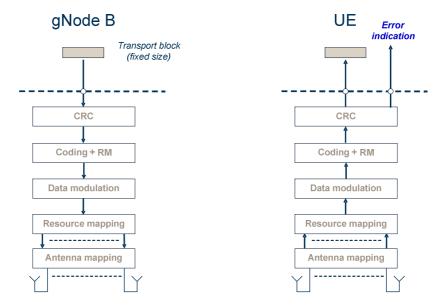


Figure 5.2.2-1: Physical-layer model for BCH transmission

5.2.3 Paging channel

The physical-layer model for PCH transmission is described based on the corresponding physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.2.3-1. The PCH is carried on PDSCH. Processing steps that are relevant for the physical-layer model, e.g. in the sense that they are configurable by higher layers, are highlighted in blue.

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer;
- CRC and transport-block-error indication;
- FEC and rate matching;
- Data modulation;
- Mapping to physical resource;
- Multi-antenna processing.

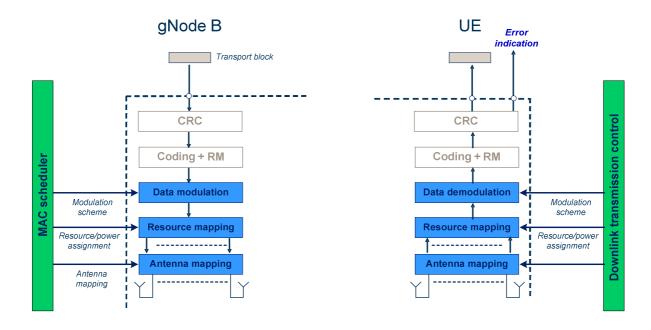


Figure 5.2.3-1: Physical-layer model for PCH transmission

5.3 Sidelink model

5.3.1 Sidelink shared channel

The physical-layer model for Sidelink Shared Channel transmission is described based on the corresponding SL-SCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.3.1-1. Processing steps that are relevant for the physical-layer model, e.g. in the sense that they are configurable by higher layers, are highlighted in blue.

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer;
- CRC and transport-block-error indication;
- FEC and rate matching;
- Data modulation;
- Mapping to physical resource;
- Multi-antenna processing;
- Support of L1 control and Hybrid-ARQ-related signalling.

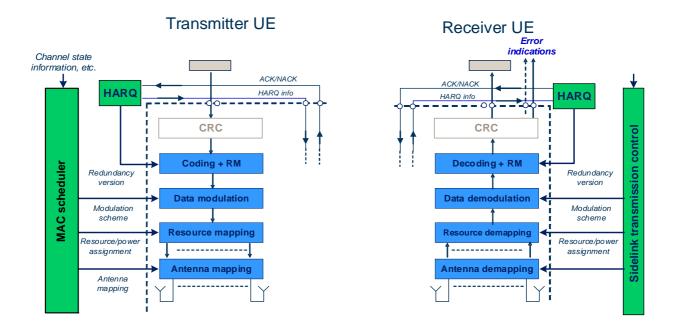


Figure 5.3.1-1: Physical-layer model for SL-SCH transmission

5.3.2 Broadcast channel

The physical-layer model for Sidelink Broadcast Channel transmission is characterized by a fixed pre-defined transport format. There is one transport block for every slot in which the UE transmits SL-BCH, if the UE is configured to transmit on SL-BCH. The SL-BCH physical-layer model is described based on the corresponding SL-BCH physical-layer-processing chain, see Figure 5.3.2-1:

- Higher-layer data passed to/from the physical layer;
- CRC and transport-block-error indication;
- FEC and rate matching;
- Data modulation;
- Mapping to physical resource;
- Multi-antenna processing.

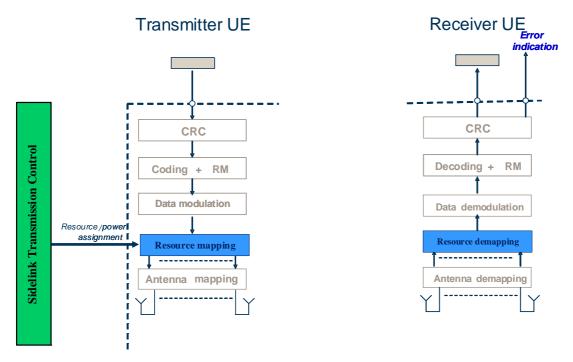


Figure 5.3.2-1: Physical-layer model for SL-BCH transmission

6 Simultaneous transmission and reception of physical channels and physical signals

This clause describes the requirements from the UE to send and receive multiple physical channels and physical signals simultaneously depending on the capabilities and service requirements. The following notation is used between both the uplink and downlink clauses below.

- p is the number of uplink carriers configured for the UE on which physical channels can be transmitted
- p' is the number of uplink carriers configured for the UE on which SRS can be transmitted
- q is the number of downlink carriers configured for the UE
- *j* is the number of cell groups configured for the UE.
- *k* is the number of PUCCH groups configured for the UE.

6.1 Uplink

The tables 6.1-1 and 6.1-2 describe the possible combinations of physical channels and SRS that can be sent in simultaneously in the uplink by one UE. Table 6.1-1 introduces notation for a "Transmission Type" which represents a physical channel or sounding reference signal, and any associated transport channel. Table 6.1-2 describes the combinations of these "Transmission Types" which are supported by the UE depending on capabilities [8, TS 38.306], and enumerates how many of each can be transmitted simultaneously.

Table 6.1-1: Uplink "Transmission Types"

"Transmission Type"	Physical Channel or SRS	Associated Transport Channel	Comment
Α	PRACH	RACH	Note 1, Note 3
В	PUCCH	N/A	
С	PUSCH	UL-SCH	Note 2, Note 3
D	SRS	N/A	
	responds to contention based.		
Note 2: UCI on PL	ISCH without UL-SCH is possible.		

Table 6.1-2: Uplink "Transmission Type" combinations

Supported Combinations	Comment
j x A	Note 1
k x B	Note 2
ρxC	Note 3, Note 4
<i>p</i> ′x D	Note 3, Note 5
$\tilde{\jmath} \times A + \tilde{k} \times B$	Note 6
$\tilde{\jmath} \times A + \tilde{p} \times C$	Note 6
$\tilde{\jmath} \times A + \tilde{p}' \times D$	Note 6
$\hat{k} \times B + \hat{p} \times C$	Note 8
$B + \hat{p}' \times C$	Note 9
$\tilde{k} \times B + \hat{p}' \times D$	Note 7
$\tilde{p} \times C + \tilde{p}' \times D$	Note 7

- Note 1: The number of cell groups *j* in the supported combination is subject to UE capability.
- Note 2: The number of PUCCH groups *k* in the supported combination is subject to UE capability.
- Note 3: The number of carriers p, and p' in the supported combinations are subject to UE capability.
- Note 4: In the case there is one SUL carrier, then *p*-1 would be supported.

For SCell, MsgA PRACH and MsgA PUSCH is not supported.

- Note 5: UE may be configured with p' but may also have capability to simultaneously sound less than this number.
- Note 6: Simultaneous PRACH with PUCCH (or PUSCH or SRS) is supported only in the case of inter-band CA, with $\tilde{\jmath} \leq j$, $\tilde{k} \leq k$, $\tilde{p} \leq p$, and $\tilde{p}' \leq p'$ depending on the configuration, and subject to UE capability for parallel transmission.
- Note 7: Simultaneous SRS with PUCCH (or PUSCH) is supported only in the case of inter-band CA, with $\tilde{k} \leq k$, $\tilde{p} \leq p$, and $\tilde{p}' \leq p'$ depending on the configuration, and subject to UE capability for parallel transmission.
- Note 8: Simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH(s) for the case that multiple PUCCH groups are configured and the respective PUCCH and PUSCH(s) are transmitted in the different PUCCH groups, with $\hat{k} < k$ and $\hat{p} \le p$. k and p are subject to UE capability for supported number of PUCCH groups and UL carriers, respectively. \hat{k} and \hat{p} depend on configuration.
- Note 9: Simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH(s) within the same PUCCH group in the case of inter-band CA, \hat{p}' depending on the configuration, and subject to UE capability for parallel transmission of PUCCH and PUSCH within the same PUCCH group.

6.2 Downlink

The tables 6.2-1, 6.2-2 describe the possible combinations of physical channels that can be received simultaneously in the downlink by one UE. Table 6.2-1 introduces notation for a "Reception Type" which represents a physical channel and any associated transport channel. Table 6.2-2 describes the combinations of these "Reception Types" which are supported by the UE depending on capabilities [8, TS 38.306], and enumerates how many of each can be received simultaneously. The UE shall be able to receive all TBs according to the indication on PDCCH. Any subset of the combinations specified in table 6.2-2 is also supported.

Table 6.2-1: Downlink "Reception Types"

"Reception Type"	Physical Channel(s)	Monitored RNTI	Associated Transport Channel	Comment
А	PBCH	N/A	ВСН	
В	PDCCH+PDSCH	SI-RNTI	DL-SCH	Note 1
C0	PDCCH	P-RNTI	N/A	Note 1, Note 2
C1	PDCCH+PDSCH	P-RNTI	PCH	Note 1
D0	PDCCH+PDSCH	RA-RNTI or Temporary C- RNTI or MsgB-RNTI	DL-SCH	Note 3
D1	PDCCH+PDSCH	C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, MCS-C- RNTI	DL-SCH	
D2	PDCCH	C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, MCS-C- RNTI	DL-SCH	
D3	PDCCH+PDSCH	G-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI	DL-SCH	Note 6
D4	PDCCH	G-CS-RNTI	N/A	Note 7
D5	PDCCH+PDSCH	MCCH-RNTI	DL-SCH	Note 8
D6	PDCCH+PDSCH	G-RNTI	DL-SCH	Note 9
E	PDCCH	C-RNTI	N/A	Note 4
F0	PDCCH	Temporary C-RNTI	UL-SCH	Note 3
F1	PDCCH	C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, MCS-C- RNTI	UL-SCH	
G	PDCCH	SFI-RNTI	N/A	
Н	PDCCH	INT-RNTI	N/A	
J0	PDCCH	TPC-PUSCH-RNTI	N/A	
J1	PDCCH	TPC-PUCCH-RNTI	N/A	
J2	PDCCH	TPC-SRS-RNTI	N/A	
K	PDCCH	SP-CSI-RNTI	N/A	
L0	PDCCH	SL-RNTI	SL-SCH	
L1	PDCCH	SL-CS-RNTI	SL-SCH	
М	PDCCH	SL Semi-Persistent Scheduling V-RNTI	SL-SCH	Note 5
N	PDCCH	PS-RNTI	N/A	
0	PDCCH	AI-RNTI	N/A	
Р	PDCCH	CI-RNTI	N/A	
Q	<u>PDCCH</u>	PEI-RNTI	N/A	Note 1

In some cases UE is only required to monitor the short message within the DCI for P-RNTI. Note 2:

These are received from PCell or PSCell. Note 3:

Note 4: This corresponds to PDCCH-ordered PRACH.

This corresponds to PDCCH scheduling LTE PC5. Note 5:

Note 6: This is for multicast in RRC connected state.

Note 7: This corresponds to DL Semi-Persistent Scheduling release for multicast in RRC connected state.

Note 8: This is for broadcast MCCH.

Note 9: This is for broadcast MTCH. UE is not required to decode more than one PDSCH for MTCH simultaneously.

Table 6.2-2: Downlink "Reception Type" combinations

		Supported Combinations		Comment
	PCell	PSCell	SCell	
1. RRC_I	DLE		1	
1.1 All UE	Ēs			
A + (B :	and/or (C1 or Q) and/or			Note 1
`	D0) + F0			
1211500	supporting MBS broadcast	recention		
1.2 005 8	supporting wibs broaucast	reception		
	A+D5			
2. RRC I	NACTIVE	I	I	
2.1 All UE				
	and/or (C1 or Q) and/or			Note 1
A + (B)	D0) + F0			Note
	•			
2.2 UEs s	supporting MBS broadcast	reception		
	A+D5			
3 RRC (CONNECTED			
	+ (B and/or (D0 or	(A + (D0 or (m1*D1+m2*D2))	m1*D1 + m2*D2 +	Note 2, Note 3,
	m2*D2+((m3*D3+m4*D4)	+ E + F0 + n*F1 + G + H + J0	((m3*D3+m4*D4) or m5*(D5	Note 4, Note 5,
	5 or D6))))) + E + F0 +	+ J1 + J2 + K + O + N + P)	or D6)) + E + n*F1 + G + H	Note 6, Note 7,
	+ H + J0 + J1 + J2 + K +		+ J0 + J1 + J2 + K + O + L0	Note 8, Note 9,
	L1 + M + N + P) or D5))		+ L1 + M + P	Note 10, Note 11,
	_, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Note 12
Note 1:	UE is not required to deco	ode more than two PDSCH simul	taneously, and decoding prioritiz	ation when more
	than two are received is u			
Note 2:		red to decode SI-RNTI PDSCH s		
Note 3:		are subject to UE capabilities for		ation, receiving of
		re-emption indication and dynami		
Note 4:		n≥ 0 in the supported combination		
Note 5:		CCH with SL-RNTI, SL-CS-RNTI	, SL Semi-Persistent Scheduling	y V-RNTI are subject
NI-t- O	to UE capability.		de la caracter de la 115 de la calentita d	
Note 6:		ne supported combinations are su		DO DAITI
Note 7: Note 8:		t expected to monitor the DCI for y PS-RNTI can only be configure		y P5-RN11.
Note 9:	For a LIE aupporting MPS	s multicast reception, the values of		vicat to LIE canability
Note 9.		nnected UEs. If m3 = 1, then m1		Ject to OE capability
Note 10:		multicast or broadcast reception		onfigured
	simultaneously with more	than one component carrier for r	multicast or broadcast reception.	· g
Note 11:		broadcast reception, the values		
		cted UEs. If m5=1, then m1≤1.	•	. ,
Note 12:		S broadcast reception in RRC_C	ONNECTED state, it is required	l to support
	reception of FDMed MCCH PDSCH and PBCH in Pcell.			

6.3 Sidelink

The tables 6.3-1 and 6.3-2 describe the possible combinations of physical channels that can be sent simultaneously in the sidelink by a UE. Table 6.3-1 introduces notation for a sidelink "Transmission Type" which represents a physical channel, and any associated transport channel. Table 6.3-2 describes the combinations of these "Transmission Types" which are supported by the UE depending on capabilities [8, TS 38.306], and enumerates how many of each can be transmitted simultaneously.

Table 6.3-1: Sidelink "Transmission Types"

"Transmission Type"	Physical Channel	Associated Transport Channel	Comment
Α	PSBCH	SL-BCH	
В	PSSCH	SL-SCH	
С	PSCCH	SL-SCH	
D	PSFCH	N/A	

Table 6.3-2: Sidelink "Transmission Type" combinations

	Supported Combinations	Comment
	A	
	В	
	С	
	$N \times D$	
	B+C	
Note:	Depending on the UE capability, the UE may be able to perform simultaneous Uplin transmissions. If the simultaneous transmission of Sidelink and Uplink is beyond the prioritized can be dropped according to [TS 38.321.	

The tables 6.3-3 and 6.3-4 describe the possible combinations of physical channels that can be received simultaneously in the sidelink by a UE. Table 6.3-3 introduces notation for a sidelink "Reception Type" which represents a physical channel, and any associated transport channel. Table 6.3-4 describes the combinations of these "Transmission Types" which are supported by the UE depending on capabilities [8, TS 38.306], and enumerates how many of each can be received simultaneously.

Table 6.3-3: Sidelink "Reception Types"

"Transmission Type"	Physical Channel	Associated Transport Channel	Comment
Α	PSBCH	SL-BCH	
В	PSSCH	SL-SCH	
C	PSCCH	SL-SCH	
D	PSFCH	N/A	

Table 6.3-4: Sidelink "Reception Type" combinations

Supported Combinations	Comment	
A		
В	Note 1	
С	Note 1	
$M \times D$		
B+C	Note 1	
Note 1: Corresponds to simultaneous reception within one sub-channel	•	

7 Measurements provided by the physical layer

7.1 UE measurements

The list and detailed definition of UE measurements is provided in [7, TS 38.215].

Annex A (informative): Change history

						Change history	
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New
							version
2017-05	RAN1#89	R1-1712013				Draft skeleton	0.0.0
2017-07	AH_1706	R1-1712013				Update for agreements from meetings up to RAN1 NR AH2	0.0.1
2017-08	RAN1#90	R1-1713371				Update for agreements from meetings up to RAN1 NR AH2	0.0.2
2017-08	RAN1#90	R1-1714655				Update with change marks removed for RAN1 #90 endorsement	0.1.0
2017-09	RAN1#90	R1-1715320				Updated with minor editorial changes for review after RAN1 #90	0.1.1
2017-09	RAN#77	RP-172006				For information to plenary	1.0.0
2017-10	RAN1#90b	R1-1719229				Updated for agreements from meetings up to RAN1 #90b	1.0.1
2017-11	RAN1#91	R1-1721047				Updated after email discussion	1.1.0
2017-12	RAN1#91	R1-1721340				Updated to reflect agreements from RAN1 #91	1.2.0
2017-12	RAN#78	RP-172630				Endorsed version for approval by plenary	2.0.0
2017-12	RAN#78					Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control	15.0.0
2018-03	RAN#79	RP-180200	0001	-	F	CR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting agreements	15.1.0
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181172	0002	1	F	CR to 38.202 capturing the RAN1#92bis and RAN1#93 meeting agreements	15.2.0
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181257	0003	-	В	CR to 38.202 capturing the RAN1#92bis and RAN1#93 meeting agreements related to URLLC	15.2.0
2018-09	RAN#81	RP-181789	0004	-	В	CR to 38.202 capturing RAN1#94 meeting agreements	15.3.0
2018-12	RAN#82	RP-182523		-	F	CR to 38.202 capturing RAN1#95 meeting agreements	15.4.0
2019-06	RAN#84		0006	-	F	Correction to simultaneous reception of DL Channels	15.5.0
2019-06	RAN#84		0007	-	F	CR on inclusion of TC-RNTI for monitored RNTI for UL-SCH and	15.5.0
2010 00	10 (11/104	101277	0001		'	inclusion of monitoring PDCCH ordering PRACH on SCell	10.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192623	0008	1	F	CR on simultaneous transmission of UL channels	15.6.0
2019-12	RAN#86		0009	<u> </u>	В	Introduction of two-step RACH	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192637	0010	-	В	Introduction of integrated access and backhaul for NR	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192638	0011	-	В	Introduction of V2X	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192639	0012	-	В	Introduction of Physical Layer Enhancements for URLLC	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192641	0013	-	В	Introduction of MIMO enhancements	16.0.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-192642	0014	-	В	Introduction of UE Power Savings	16.0.0
2020-06	RAN#88-e	RP-200692	0015	-	F	Corrections to MIMO enhancements	16.1.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201810	0017	-	F	DL Channel Combination associated with DCI format 2_6 monitoring	16.2.0
2020-09	RAN#89-e	RP-201807	0018	-	F	Corrections on 5G V2X sidelink features	16.2.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212960	0019	-	F	Alignment CR for TS 38.202	16.3.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212968	0020	-	В	Introduction of IIoT/URLLC enhancements in NR	17.0.0
2021-12	RAN#94-e	RP-212979	0021	-	В	Introduction of multicast and broadcast services	17.0.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220263	0022	-	F	Corrections to NR support of multicast and broadcast services	17.1.0
2022-03	RAN#95-e	RP-220256	0023	-	F	Corrections on NR UE Power Saving Enhancements	17.1.0
2022-06	RAN#96	RP-221612	0024	-	F	Corrections to NR support of multicast and broadcast services	17.2.0

History

Document history							
V17.1.0	April 2022	Publication					
V17.2.0	July 2022	Publication					